

House, 33 Fuller Avenue, Glen Iris Statement of Significance, May 2023

Heritage Place:	33 Fuller Avenue, Glen Iris	PS ref no:	HO955
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Figure 1. 33 Fuller Avenue, Glen Iris (July 2022)

What is significant?

33 Fuller Avenue, Glen Iris, constructed in 1936/37 to a design by architects Forsyth and Dyson.

Elements that contribute to the significance of the place include:

- Two-storey Interwar English Domestic Revival style house
- Clinker brick construction
- Terracotta tile-clad gabled roof with main transverse gable and side gable ends to the front and rear elevations
- Asymmetrical elevations and picturesque composition
- Eaveless gable ends
- Decorative finishes including brickwork to gable ends and main entrance porch and wrought iron balconette
- Timber framed windows with fine horizontal glazing bars and headers formed from soldier brickwork, including front bay window

This is an incorporated document in the Boroondara Planning Scheme pursuant to Section 6(2)(j) of the Planning and Environment Act 1987.

- Catslide roof form to entrance porch
- Arched opening to entrance porch
- Two substantial unadorned brick chimneys at either end of the main two-storey form.

Later alterations and additions are not significant, including the first-floor addition at the north-east rear corner with imitation half-timbering, the free-standing double garage at the rear south-west boundary of the place, the conversion of the original garage including installation of glazing, and the timber-clad outbuilding in the rear garden.

How is it significant?

33 Fuller Avenue, Glen Iris is of local historical, representative (architectural) and aesthetic significance to the City of Boroondara.

Why is it significant?

33 Fuller Avenue, Glen Iris has strong associations with the Interwar period of development in suburban Melbourne in the 1920s and 1930s. In this period, extensive tracts of land in Glen Iris – and throughout Boroondara more broadly – were subdivided into suburban residential estates, and allotments were purchased for the construction of middle-class housing. This period transformed the eastern part of the municipality from a semi-rural landscape to an almost entirely suburban one. Constructed on an allotment in the Albion Park Estate subdivision, 33 Fuller Avenue remains as a highly intact example of dwelling from the Interwar period and clearly illustrates this important phase of development in the City of Boroondara (Criterion A).

33 Fuller Avenue, Glen Iris is a fine and highly intact representative example of an English Domestic Revival style dwelling in the City of Boroondara. It displays typical but well-resolved characteristics of the English Domestic Revival style popular in Glen Iris and across Boroondara more broadly, including eaveless gable roof forms and catslide roof, asymmetrical massing, polygonal bay window and arched entry porch and the use of materials such as clinker brick and terracotta tiles (Criterion D).

Designed by architects Forsyth and Dyson, 33 Fuller Avenue, Glen Iris is a well-considered and elegantly detailed example of an English Domestic Revival style dwelling. The asymmetrical composition, together with distinctive architectural elements including a prominent bay window, decorative brick detailing, and arched entrance porch, present a picturesque composition of this popular architectural style (Criterion E).

Primary source

Independent Review: Mont Iris Estate & Environs Review (GJM Heritage, October 2022)